Figure 2. Forest plots of the associations between notified cases of COVID-19 in New South Wales, Australia, in which infection was determined to be locally-acquired and for which postcode of residence was reported and 9am temperature and 9am relative humidity recorded at the weather observation station closest to reported case postcode of residence, for public health units both during the exponential (26 February−31 March) and descending (1 April−31 May) phases of the epidemic (phases I and II, respectively). A) incidence rate ratio (IRR) for temperature (95% CI) in Phase I; B) IRR for relative humidity (95% CI) in Phase II; C) IRR for temperature (95% CI) in Phase I; D) IRR for relative humidity (95% CI) in Phase II.

