

Late-stage gynecologic cancer complicated by abdominal infection resulted in hypoglycemia following the use of linezolid-A case report and literature review

Li Sun¹, Fan Yu², and Li Yongjun¹

¹Puyang Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital

²Puyang Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital

November 29, 2024

Hosted file

LATE-S~2.DOC available at <https://authorea.com/users/823257/articles/1245757-late-stage-gynecologic-cancer-complicated-by-abdominal-infection-resulted-in-hypoglycemia-following-the-use-of-linezolid-a-case-report-and-literature-review>

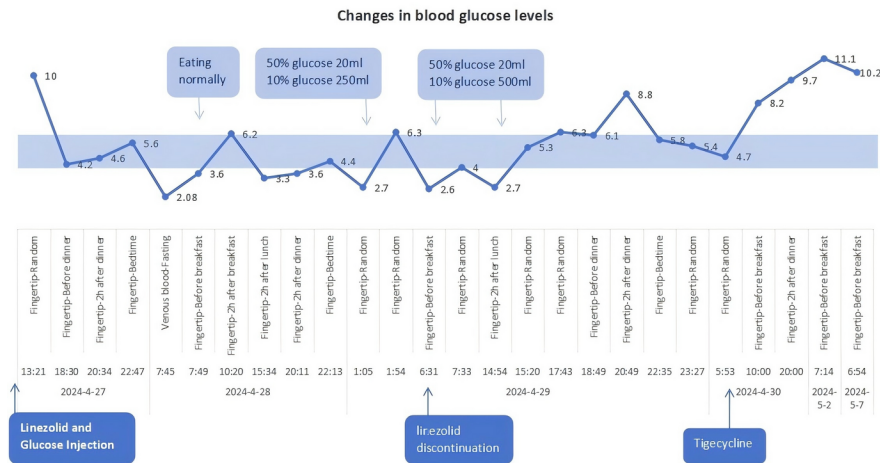


Table.1. ADR probability scale

To assess the adverse drug reaction, please answer the following questionnaire and give the pertinent score.				
	Yes	No	Do not know	Score
1.Are there previous conclusive reports on this reaction?	+1	0	0	1
2.Did the adverse event appear after the suspected drug was administered?	+2	-1	0	2
3.Did the adverse reaction improve when the drug was discontinued or a specific antagonist was administered?	+1	0	0	1
4.Did the adverse reaction reappear when the drug was readministered?	+2	-1	0	0
5.Are there alternative causes (other than the drug) that could on their own have caused the reaction?	-1	+2	0	2
6.Did the reaction reappear when a placebo was given?	-1	+1	0	1
7.Was the drug detected in the blood (or other fluids) in concentrations known to be toxic?	+1	0	0	0
8.Was the reaction more severe when the dose was increased, or less severe when the dose was decreased?	+1	0	0	0
9.Did the patient have a similar reaction to the same or similar drugs in any previous exposure?	+1	0	0	0
10.Was the adverse event confirmed by any objective evidence?	+1	0	0	1
			Total score	8

Table.1. ADR probability scale. A method for evaluating the probability of adverse drug reactions. Our case score is 8 points, indicating a probable relationship to linezolid.

***Result interpretation:** Definite ≥ 9 ; probable 5 to 8; possible 1 to 4; doubtful ≤ 0 .