Schwannoma with Cystic Degeneration of the Brachial Plexus: A Case Report

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Abstract

Abstract A case of a supraclavicular cystic mass arising from the brachial plexus and histologically confirmed to be a schwannoma is presented. Due to its low accuracy, FNAC should not be used as an ultimate diagnostic tool. Complete surgical removal while maintaining the nerve trunk was performed.

Figure legends

- Figure 1. External view of patient's neck-the swallow on the left supraclavicular region
- Figure 2. Ultrasound imaging of the cystic mass on the neck
- **Figure 3.** Intraoperational view of the lesion: encapsulated mass within the C6 and C7 roots **Figure 4.** Macroscopic view of the enucleated tumor
- Figure 5. Pseudocystic areas without apparent lining, x40, H@E
- Figure 6. Immunohistochemical staining S100, x40, diffuse strong expression of the S-100 protein
- Figure 7. Immunohistochemical staining S100, x200, diffuse strong expression of the S-100 protein
- **Figure 8.** Immunohistochemical staining CD34 shows negative reaction for lining (arrows), positive in vessels (arrowheads), x200
- Figure 9. Immunohistochemical staining AE1/3 shows negative reaction for lining (arrows) x100

















